

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 298, Vol. VI.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: WEDNESDAY, JULY 28, 1875.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
FAMILY GROCERS,
WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises.

At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffees, from the pure bean, ground on the premises
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes
Vestas, by approved makers
Salt: table, fine, and coarse
Raisins: Muscatels, Sultanas, and Elemons
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

TOBACCO.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior Cameron's celebrated brands—Haviland, Golden Bar, Venus tins
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tiers and boxes.

Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sixes Cut Tobacco, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Islay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case
Rum: Lemon Hart's
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape
Sherry: Gonzola, six diamond
Gin: J. D. K. Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's
Claret: St. Julian's

Moselle: No. 2
Hock: Gold Leaf
Ginger Wine, in bulk and case
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial
Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guinness's, and Colonial
Cordials: assorted
Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's
Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuse
Gunpowder, caps, and shot
Long and short handled shovels
Spades, sluice forks
Picks and pickhandles
Gold dishes, hose-pipes
Drills and drilling hammers
Manilla and flax ropes
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils
Galvanised and corrugated iron
Stoves and piping

Billies and pannikins
Tea-kettles, iron and tin
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs
Iron boilers
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans
Axes and axe-handles
Nails, cut and wrought
Tacks, clout and American cut
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades
Cutlery, a large assortment
Carpenters' tools of every description

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY & CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac Boys' do.
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, scotch twill, tweed
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: winceys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints
Flannels: Calicos, bleached and unbleached
Blankets, rugs, quilts
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers
Cocoa and felt mattings
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sides, watertight, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boots
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.

N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

SWAN BREWERY,
CROMWELL.

G. W. GOODGER Proprietor.

The Proprietor is now prepared to supply his unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity, delivered throughout the District.

Orders left at the Commercial Hotel, Cromwell, or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

G. W. GOODGER.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn.)

Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior stone stabling in course of erection.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Courthouse.

Cromwell Advertisements

IMPORTANT NOTICE

I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE, DUNEDIN, & MELBOURNE,

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Having just removed into our NEW PREMISES, in respectfully thanking the Public for their past support, and soliciting a continuance of their patronage, we beg to assure them that our object in future will be, in order to meet the increasing demand, to keep much larger and better-assorted stock of

DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS, & GENERAL GOODS

than hitherto,—the best, in fact, ever seen out of Dunedin,—which we will sell at prices that will defy competition. Our motto will strictly be

"SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS."

We beg specially to draw attention to our splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS

Comprising Silks, Poplins, Repp, Twills, Mohair, Merinos, Llamas, Batistes, Printa, Winceys, Ginghams, Alpacas, Lustres, &c. (We can offer some really good Bargains in the above line.)

Also, Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, latest style, just received from Melbourne.

Our Stock of

UNDERLINEN, CALICOES, BLANKETS, &c. &c.

Will be found to comprise every quality, and are on sale at extremely low figures.

OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is stocked entirely from our DUNEDIN CLOTHING FACTORY.

THE BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT

Includes every description of Men's, Women's, and Children's Boots, of all qualities and prices.

A large supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD always on hand.

Being the only authorised agents for

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS, LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

GROCERIES, WINES, SPIRITS, & PROVISIONS.

IRONMONGERY & CROCKERY.

TIMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS.

GRINDERY AND SADDLERY.

PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

We beg to invite the Public to come and inspect the premises and Stock, and judge for themselves.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

WHOLESALE, RETAIL, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,

MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

Bannockburn

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE,
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

A COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM, fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables.

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE, with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD AND CARPENTER'S SHOP,

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,
Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,

(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

A DAMS'S GULLY COAL-PIT,
BANNOCKBURN.

GEORGE COCKBURN

Begs to inform the Inhabitants of the Cromwell and Bannockburn Districts that he has opened a Coal-Pit as above, and is prepared to supply Coal of first-class quality and in any quantity at lowest current rates.

Large consumers contracted with on reasonable terms.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND,

General

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,

Begs to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that he has removed to

QUARTZVILLE,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the public patronage.

Cromwell.

R E M O V A L

NOTICE.

F. SANSON,
SADDLER, &c.,

Has now removed to the shop adjoining GOODGER'S HOTEL, formerly occupied by Mr WHETTER, Bootmaker, where he will carry on business as heretofore.

Just Received from Dunedin :
A New Stock of first-class SADDLERY, &c.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!

NEWCASTLE PIT.

WILSON and CHALTON, having opened the Coal Pit known as PLACHTETS, are prepared to supply COALS of superior quality at the lowest rate.

We have appointed Mr DRURY our Agent, whose receipt for moneys paid shall be binding on us.

JAMES WILSON
JOHN CHARLTON.

Witness:

EDW. A. DRURY.

Cromwell.

TURN ONE POUND
INTO
THIRTY SHILLINGS
AT
J. SOLOMON'S
GREAT CLEARING SALE!
FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

BALANCE OF WINTER STOCK OF
DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS,
&c. &c.

Now is the time for the Public of Cromwell and surrounding Districts to make their purchases. J. S. is determined to clear off his Stock at
LESS THAN COST,
And no reasonable offer will be refused for
any article in the Store.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CHEAP BLANKETS
CHEAP BED-QUILTS
CHEAP FLANNEL
CHEAP YARNS
CHEAP WINEYS
CHEAP DRESS-PIECES
CHEAP MERINOS
CHEAP SOCKS AND STOCKINGS
CHEAP MADE-UP DRESSES & COSTUMES
CHEAP PETTICOAT SKIRTINGS
CHEAP LADIES' JACKETS
CHEAP SATIN SKIRTS
CHEAP ALPACA SKIRTS
CHEAP FELT SKIRTS
CHEAP WOOL GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

SPECIAL LINE IN
LADIES' TRIMMED HATS,
Latest Fashion,
Will be sold at an immense sacrifice.

SPLENDID STOCK
OF
MEN'S CLOTHING.
CHEAP SUITS—Dunedin make, of best quality, in Nelson, Geelong, and Mosgiel tweeds
CHEAP SILK-MIXED SUITS
CHEAP COATS
CHEAP PILOT JACKETS
CHEAP OVERCOATS, MEN'S & YOUTH'S
CHEAP WATERPROOF COATS
CHEAP TROUSERS AND VESTS
CHEAP STABLE JACKETS AND VESTS
CHEAP CARDIGAN JACKETS
CHEAP DRAWERS
CHEAP FLANNELS
CHEAP CRIMEAN SHIRTS
CHEAP HATS, A LARGE ASSORTMENT.

BOYS' & YOUTHS' CLOTHING.
A LARGE VARIETY.

BOOTS & SHOES,
LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S, & CHILDREN'S.
The Largest Stock in Cromwell.

BE IN TIME! BE IN TIME!

THIS IS NO PUFF!

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES!

All the above Goods will be sold Cheaper than they have ever before been sold in Cromwell.

SPECIAL BARGAINS
Will be sold during the Month in
JEWELLERY & FANCY GOODS.

Don't forget the address :

J. SOLOMON,
Opposite Council Chambers,
CROMWELL.

Cromwell

ELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.
WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address :

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,
BOOTMAKER,
MELMORE STREET CROMWELL

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.



FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

* * * Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.



CROMWELL BUTCHERY
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

GR E A T B A R G A I N S
GREAT BARGAINS!

Just Received,

An assortment of first-class Silver Hunting

LEVER WATCHES,

By the best London makers—all warranted.

ALSO,

Fine Lot of JEWELLERY and CLOCKS.

Inspection invited.

E. MURRELL,
Watchmaker, Cromwell.

NOTICE.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be carried on by WILLIAMS & HAYES, who have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any other portion of the District. They therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed, with the conviction that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-mouth. Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. , delivered.

16 bags to the ton.

WILLIAMS & HAYES,
Coal Works, Cromwell.

Cromwell

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,
LATE MR GRANT'S
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD,

JAMES TAYLOR,
Carpenter and Builder, Ironmenger,



&c.,

Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Materiæ suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

* * * A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c. Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap.



THE CROMWELL BAKERY

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

* * * Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

K. PRESTON,
CROMWELL,

COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

NOTICE.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

WILLIAM HOWE,
begs to intimate to the public of Cromwell and surrounding Districts that he has begun business as Boot and Shoe Maker in the premises lately erected by him two doors above Mr Baird's residence, Upper Melmore Street, Cromwell.

Having had a long experience in the trade, W. H. is confident that he will give every satisfaction to those who may entrust him with their orders.

Good stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand at reasonable prices.

Repairs neatly and cheaply executed.

Note the address:—Upper Melmore Street.

THOMAS FOOTE,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
MELMORE TERRACE,
CROMWELL.

Choice Selection of Tweeds on hand.

HENRICH BEHRENS,
having purchased from Mr La Fontaine the business lately carried on by him in Cromwell, as well as

WHEELWRIGHT AND COACH-BUILDER.

Begs to announce that he will carry on the same as before, in the premises opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

Good work guaranteed; and prices moderate.

Repairs promptly executed.

R. REMOVAL

CROMWELL APOTHECARIES'
HALL removed to
Mr J. SOLOMON'S former Premises,
Next the Golden Age Hotel.

M. A. G. A. L.

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Dealer in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery, Tobacco and Cigars.

NEWS AGENT & BOOKSELLER.

M. G. is happy to be able to state that, business having greatly increased, prices for medicines will in future be considerably reduced from former rates.

M. B. Cromwell.

Several hundred yards of new material
will be put up at the same time.

NEW

WINTER DRAPERY!

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

60 CASES
CONTAINING 60 CASES
THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHION-
ABLE GOODS

To be obtained in Dunedin, and personally
selected with great care for this market.

ALL
N E W
GOODS.
Fancy Dresses—Silk Repps,
Poplins, Merinos, Plaids,
Aberdeen Winceys, Silk
Winceys
Coloured and Black Silks.

Double-breasted { Jackets,—in velvet, beaver,
Elegantly cloth and sealskin
trimmed Plain and Reversible Shawls.

LATEST
FASHIONS
Costumes—in homespun, black
repp, French cloth, Melton,
and wincey.

CHOICE
AND
N E W.
Trimmed Hats, Feathers,
Flowers, Ribbons, and Or-
naments
Satin Hoods and Hats
Woollen and Lace Goods—
splendid assortment.

TWO BALES:
100 Pairs.
Blankets in all sizes—white,
scarlet, blue, grey, and Mos-
giel
Rugs of all descriptions.

VERY
CHEAP.
White Flannel—30 pieces
Twilled Flannel—all colours.

MADE
TO
ORDER.
Men's, Youths', and Boys'
double and single-breasted
Suits—in Nelson, Geelong,
Colonial, & Mosgiel tweeds
Trousers, Trousers and Vests
White and colored Moles.

Sizes.
Shirts—Crimean, tweed, and
plaid
Flannel Shirts.

Extra Heavy.
Knitted Pants, Mosgiel Pants,
Flannel Pants—24 doz.
Aberdeen Socks—100 doz.

NEWEST
STYLES.
Hats in all shapes—black and
colored felts
Dress Shirts, Ties, Scarfs, and
Collars
Men's Hosiery—a large stock.

MADE
TO
ORDER.
Ladies' and Children's kid and
leather Boots
Boys' and Youths' E.S. and
nailed Boots
Men's E.S., water-tight, and
shooting Boots—best Colo-
nial make.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
WILL BE OFFERED
FOR SIX WEEKS,

As £1000 must be realised in that time.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE,
MELMORE ST., CROMWELL.

Cromwell.

N O T I C E

We, the undersigned, have appointed Mr G. JENOUR our AGENT, and his receipt for accounts paid shall be binding on us.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS

JOHN HAYES.

Cromwell, 14th June, 1875.

A U C T I O N E E R.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

Having commenced business as Auctioneer,
now prepared to

U N D E R T A K E A N Y S A L E S

with which he may be favored.

General Mining and Commission Agency Office,
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

MESSRS W. J. BARRY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS, &c.,

Q U E E N S T O W N,

Have appointed Mr GEORGE JENOUR as
their AGENT for Cromwell and surroundingDistricts, who will give immediate attention to
every instruction for sales with which he may
be favored.Sales conducted with punctuality and at lowest
rates of commission.

I M P O R T A N T N O T I C E

TO
MINING COMPANIES & OTHERS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO.

Have on hand and for sale a quantity of

L I T H O F R A C T E U R,
for blasting purposes.The merits of this new explosive agent have
now been thoroughly tested, and it is acknowled-
ged to have no equal for effectiveness and
labor-saving qualities.DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,
Cromwell.E D W A R D A L D R I D G E,
FARRIER,
BLACKSMITH, and MACHINIST,
(late of Clyde.)Has started business in the above line in the
premises lately occupied by J. W. THOMSON, in
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell. From his long
experience in the District, and his well-known
habit of promptly executing all orders entrusted
to him, he confidently hopes to receive a share
of public patronage.N.E.—A large stock of Horse and Cattle
Medicines and Drugs on hand.Ornamental Gates and Palisading, suitable for
Cemeteries, public or private fences, made to
any pattern.For Horses shod on the Goodenough or Charlier
principle.E D W A R D A L D R I D G E,
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

C R O M W E L L

V E T E R I N A R Y S H O E I N G F O R G E,
Next door to

Kidd's CROMWELL HOTEL.

ROBERT WISHART,

General Blacksmith, Farrier, Machinist, &c.,
Begs to intimate to the public that he has pur-
chased the business from Mr EDWARD LINDSAY,
as Farrier and Blacksmith, and hopes by paying
strict attention to business, and turning out good
substantial work of all kinds, guaranteed, to
merit a continuance of public support.R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally
that he has purchased the CAST-IRON BED for
TIRING WHEELS from Mr LINDSAY, being the
first introduced up-country; and in this branch
he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

P R E L I M I N A R Y N O T I C E

C R O M W E L L

S P R I N G R A C E M E E T I N G

1875.

FRIDAY & SATURDAY,

OCTOBER 1 & 2.

Programme will be issued in due time.

GEO. JENOUR,

Secretary.

Miscellaneous.

B A N N O C K B U R N C O A L - P I T.

BELL & SMITH,

Having purchased the interest of Mr J. KANE
in the above-named Pit, beg to intimate that
they will carry on business as Coal Merchants
under the above style.The coal from this Pit is admitted to be the
best quality produced in the District, and by
selling at the lowest current rates, the proprie-
tors hope to receive a continuance of the support
they have hitherto been accorded.

Orders punctually attended to.

A L B I O N H O T E L A N D S T O R E

LUGGAGE,

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to
Lake Wanaka.

H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accom-
modation for the comfort and convenience of
travellers.Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery,
Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at
Cromwell prices.

G O O D S T A B L I N G.

N.R.—District Post Office.

A L B E R T H O T E L

STORE, & POST-OFFICE,

A L B E R T O W N.

H. NORMAN

Begs to intimate that he has made very exten-
sive improvements in the above old establish-
ment, and can now offer unrivalled accommoda-
tion, both for man and horse.A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY
always on hand.Old acquaintances will please remember
that they can still make themselves perfectly at
home at

H. NORMAN'S,

ALBERTOWN.

M A N U H E R I K I A B R E W E R Y,

ALEXANDRA.

T H E Y E R S & BECK beg to announce
that they are prepared to supply their

SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of carriage within twenty

miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to

THEYERS AND BECK,

BREWERS,

ALEXANDRA.

N O T I C E.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on

MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this

date.

I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May, 1870.

S L E S I N G E R S'

RHEUMATIC BALSAM.

The greatest discovery ever yet made for the
relief of human sufferers from

MUSCULAR OR NERVOUS AFFECTION

IS

SLESINGER'S

RHEUMATIC BALSAM.

Of all the advertised remedies and all the pre-
scriptions from the medical faculty for the
cure of

Rheumatism

Rheumatic Gout

Sciatica

Tic Doloreux

Neuralgia

Lumbago

Strains & Sprains

Or pain of any sort from the above affections,
none have been so successful and effectual as

SLESINGER'S

RHEUMATIC BALSAM.

As certified by the certificates published in the
Otago Daily Times, Guardian, and innumerable
others.Price, 7s 6d per bottle, which is sufficient to
cure in all cases.

S. SLESINGER, V.S.,

Hope-street, Dunedin.

Sole agents for New Zealand—

KEMPTHORNE, FROSSE, & CO.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

William Cameron was granted a billiard
license for his hotel at Bendigo.

SATURDAY, JULY, 24, 1875.

(Before J. Corse, Esq., J.P.)

G. B. Williamson was convicted of using ob-
scene language in a public place, and fined 20s;
The fine was paid.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1875.

(Before W. L. Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

APPLICATIONS.

In the case Colclough v. Dawkins and others,
application that certificate for a water right
from Firewood Creek be cancelled—adjourned
from previous sitting—the Warden now gave
judgment in favor of defendants, with costs.Extended Claims.—John Wilson and others, 4
acres on terrace at Nevis, adjoining McDonald
and party. The latter objected, asserting that
applicants had pegged off portion of their (objec-
tors') ground. After hearing evidence, the
Warden granted the application conditionally
that applicants took back their pegs to a certain
point. W. Anderson, 1 acre, Doctor's Flat—
granted.Protection.—E. Jake, 90 days, claim at Ban-
nockburn—granted.Head Races.—W. Anderson, 4 heads, from All
Nations Co.'s race—granted. Smith and Co.—
adjourned for a week.The application of John Pryde and party for
ground on either side of their race was adjourned
for seven days.The Melbourne Argus congratulates the
total abstainers of that rather "drouthy" city
on the introduction by a local firm of a new
temperance drink called gingerade.It says:—
"It differs from the familiar gingerbeer in being
an aerated instead of a fermented drink, and has
much greater staying power; whereas ginger-
beer is apt to ferment in the bottles, and always
deposits solid particles if kept for any length of
time, the gingerade remains clear and bright for
several months. Samples of it sent out from
England arrived here in unexceptionable condi-
tion. It is pellucid, sparkling, and tastes hot in
the mouth. It may safely be recommended to
Good Templars as a liquor well calculated to
mitigate the rigor of the most fanatical teeto-
lasm."

Cromwell.



N O T I C E

The following are the days appointed for holding
the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's
Courts for the Quarter ending the 31st of Sep-
tember, 1875, for the Dunstan division of the
Otago Goldfields District:—

CLYDE—every THURSDAY.

CRONWELL—every FRIDAY.

ALEXANDRA—MONDAY, July 5, 19;

August 2, 16, 30;

September 13, 27.

ROXBURGH—TUESDAY, July 27;

August 24;

September 21.

BLACKS—TUESDAY, July 6;

August 3, 31;

September 28.

The Warden's Office, Roxburgh, having been
appointed a Land Office for the District of
Clyde, on the days above-named, and immedi-
ately after the sitting of the Court, the District
Land Officer will receive applications under the
Waste Lands Act within the Land District of
Clyde.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,

Warden and R.M.

V.

R.

WANTED, Smart Lad or Young Man to go out with Hawker's Express.

C. M. J. SOLOMON.

WANTED, before the 1st of October, FOUR good HILL SHEPHERDS. CAMPBELL & MCLEAN.

Wanaka Station.

MISS M. O. N. R. O., TEACHER, ALBERTOWN, Has a few Vacancies for BOARDERS.

Terms on application to Mr Brown, Argus Office, Cromwell.

ELIZABETH QUARTZ MINING COMPANY, REGISTERED.

The Half-Yearly Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will take place at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on SATURDAY, 31st July, 1875, at 3 p.m.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Manager.

PERSEVERANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

A Call of One Shilling and Sixpence per Share in the above Company has been duly made, and the same will be payable on 11th August, 1875, at the Company's Office, Cromwell.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Manager.

LOWBURN SLUICING & MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

A Call of Two Shillings per Share in the above Company has been duly made, and the same will be payable on 11th August, 1875, at the Company's Office, Cromwell.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Manager.

BENDIGO DEEP LEVEL Q. M. CO., LIMITED.

An Extraordinary Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on MONDAY, August 23, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of adopting Rules of the Company.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

FO **R** **S** A L E.

The Right to ONE HEAD of Water from Firewood Creek.

The race is at such an elevation as to give a perpendicular fall of 60 feet. There is a natural dam, which at trifling expense, could be made to hold a large quantity of water, situated at a height of 150 feet above, and but a short distance from, Cromwell Bridge.—Apply to

JULES LA FONTAINE, or
J. MARSHALL,
Cromwell.

NO **T** **I** **C** **E**.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned, up to 31st July instant, for TIMBER to be supplied for TWELVE MONTHS, as may be required, at the Cromwell Company's Battery, Bendigo, of the following kinds and dimensions, viz.:—

Red Birch or Totara, 12 to 16 feet by 7 inches at small end;

Red Birch or Totara, 12 to 16 feet long by 10 inches at small end;

Red Birch or Totara Slabs, split, from 9 to 10 feet long by 2in x 8in;

Cap-pieces, 3 feet long, by 4 to 5 inches thick, by 12 to 15 inches wide;

Rickers as required.

G. W. GOODGER,
Cromwell.

FO **R** **S** A L E.

TWO NEW COTTAGES, three and four rooms, near Swan Brewery, Cromwell.

Apply JOSEPH KUHTZE.

FO **R** **S** A L E.

That old-established and flourishing business,

THE SHAMROCK HOTEL,
AND GENERAL

STORE, BUTCHERY, & BAKERY,

N E V I S.

Together with all Buildings, Stock-in-Trade,

Furniture, etc.

For further particulars, apply at STARKEY'S Kawarau Hotel, Cromwell, to

DANIEL SCALLY.

Satisfactory reasons given for Selling.

T O L E T

FOUR-ROOMED HOUSE, next T. Foote, Tailor.—Apply to J. MARSHALL.

T O L E T

TO SADDLERS.

To Let,—the Saddler's Shop next the Bridge Hotel. Immediate possession.

Also,—Watchmaker's Shop now in occupation of Mr E. MURRELL.

Apply to JOHN MARSH,
Bridge Hotel.

P RELIMINARY NOTICE OF REMOVAL

EDWARD MURRELL,

Watch and Clock Maker,

In thanking the Inhabitants of Cromwell and surrounding districts for the liberal patronage bestowed on him for the last three and a half years, begs most respectfully to inform them that he will shortly REMOVE to his

NEW AND COMMODIOUS PREMISES, adjoining the Council Chamber, where he hopes, by close attention to business and moderate charges, to merit a continuation of the support hitherto accorded him.

All work guaranteed for Twelve Months:

A large assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, etc., always on hand.

PRESENT ADDRESS : BRIDGE HOTEL.

F O R S A L E

GRINDLEY'S

VICTORIAN BUTCHERY, CLYDE,

Together with adjoining Cottage.

Also, a splendid SAUSAGE MACHINE, with copper filler,—the best machine in the Province.

The above business is a thriving one, and the premises are freehold property. The whole will be disposed of cheap, as the proprietor has resolved to leave the district.

D ISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

I hereby give notice that all accounts owing to and due by OLSON and Co., Miners, Kawarau Gorge, must be presented to me for payment at the Sluicers' Arms Hotel, Kawarau Gorge, on or before TUESDAY, August 6.

ANDERS OLSON,
Manager.

N O T I C E

CHARLES BEGG, PIANO WAREHOUSE, DUNEDIN,

Will send an experienced TUNER to the Districts of Clyde, Cromwell, and Queenstown, to arrive in Cromwell in a few days.

He will bring a selection of Music,—five per cent. discount for cash. Persons paying are requested to take receipts from Tuner's printed book of receipts.

Orders left at Starkey's Hotel will be duly attended to.

C ROMWELL LODGE, I. O. G. T.

A SOIREE, DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE, A N D B A L L

will take place on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 13, 1875,

to celebrate the

Anniversary of the above Lodge.

Further particulars will appear in next issue.

T RIBUNE LODGE, I.O.G.T., BENDIGO.

A TEA-MEETING

In connection with the above Lodge, and in aid of the funds of the Cromwell Hospital, will be held on

TUESDAY EVENING,

August 10th, in

GOODALL'S OLD HOTEL, WAKEFIELD.

Tea on the table at 6.30 o'clock.

Tickets of admission 5s.

C ROMWELL DISTRICT HOSPITAL.

SUBSCRIPTIONS and DONATIONS for the period ending July 26, 1875:—

	£ s. d.
D Grierson	1 5 0
J Rossiter, per J Marsh	1 0 0
Joey	5 0
J Martin, per J Marsh	10 0
I Hallenstein (second subscription)	10 0 0
F Collings	1 1 0
H Arndt	2 2 0
George Small, Cardrona	1 1 0
Vincent J. Brickland, do.	1 1 0
J Taylor, Cromwell	3 3 0
J Solomon	1 1 0
W Rankin (erection)	1 1 0
D A Jolly	3 3 0
W H Whetter (erection)	2 2 0
W Taylor, Cromwell	2 2 0
C Rylands	1 1 0
J Richards	2 2 0
G W Goodger	5 0
J M'Grath	1 0 0
John Rose	1 0 0
M Gall	1 16 6
J Werner	1 1 0
Miss Osborne	1 0 0
Dr Stirling	1 0 0
James Leese	1 0 0
William Green	2 2 0
G B	1 0 0
Mrs Byron (paying patient)	9 12 6

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Secretary.

C ORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

NOMINATION OF COUNCILLOR.

Public Notice is hereby given that, consequent upon the Resignation of Councillor WHETTER for Bridge Ward, Nominations for the Office of Councillor for said Ward will be received by the Town Clerk, at his Office, on or before

THURSDAY, 5th AUGUST instant,

at Noon.

On said 5th August, at noon, at the Council Chamber, the Nominations so received will be publicly opened and read by the Town Clerk, when, if there be only one nomination, the person so nominated will be declared duly elected; but should there be more than one nomination, further proceedings will be adjourned until

TUESDAY, 9th AUGUST, when an ELECTION will be held in the Council Chamber, Cromwell, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

C ORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

Public Notice is hereby given that, consequent upon there having been no Nomination for Councillor for Macandrew Ward, and an informality in the Nominations for Auditors, at the time of Nomination for such offices on 27th July, NOMINATIONS will be received by the Town Clerk, at the Town Hall, for those Offices (with or without the consent of the person nominated) until Noon on

THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1875, when, should there be only the required number of persons nominated for the said Offices, the persons so nominated will be declared duly elected; and should there be more than the required number of persons nominated, an ELECTION in each or any such case will take place on

MONDAY, 9th AUGUST, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.: for such Councillor, at the Courthouse; and for Auditors at the Courthouse, Kidd's Cromwell Hotel, and the Council Chamber.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

N O T I C E

District of Otago Goldfields,

July 23, 1875.

To the Warden at Cromwell.

I hereby give notice that I have this day marked out a Special Claim of sixteen acres, situated in the Lowburn Flat, above Perriam's freehold, under Section 2, Regulation IV. of the Goldfields Rules and Regulations. The reasons for asking the ground as a special claim are that the ground is certainly very deep and wet, the bottom being below the level of the Molyneux River, and that mining machinery and a large quantity of timber will be required to prospect the ground, for the working of which a Limited Liability Company has been formed.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,
Manager, Lowburn Sluicing and Mining Company, Limited.

Any person desiring to object to the same must, within fourteen days from the date hereof, lodge his objection at the Warden's office at Cromwell.

(Signed) W. L. SIMPSON,

Warden.

N O T I C E

I hereby give notice that I will not hold myself responsible for any Debts my Wife, ANN WILSON, may incur.

THOS. WILSON.

Kawarau Gorge, July 22, 1875.

N O T I C E

I hereby intimate that all Outstanding Accounts due to me personally must be paid to me at the Sluicers' Arms Hotel, on or before 13th August; and all accounts against me are required to be sent in for settlement by the same date.

ANDERS OLSON.

Kawarau Gorge, July 27, 1875.

T H E O ' C O N N E L L CENTENARY.

A MEETING

Of those desirous of celebrating the above event will be held THIS EVENING, at 9 p.m., at STARKEY'S HOTEL.

THURSDAY, 5th AUGUST, 1875,

at

Two seats have yet to be filled at the Council board, and it is to be hoped the townspeople will exercise their privilege and cast around for suitable men who will bring an accession of practical intelligence to bear upon the important work of the municipal year. If such is not done, the ratepayers will have themselves to blame should it be found, when too late, that operations have not been conducted prudently or to their satisfaction.

A severe earthquake shock was experienced on the morning of Friday last at 4.25.

The last crushing of a little over 200 tons of stone from the Cromwell Co.'s claim gave 583 ozs. of gold, which was brought to town on Saturday.

At a special meeting of the Town Council last week, Mr John Baker was re-appointed Corporation dayman, in room of Mr J. Stuart, resigned, at a weekly salary of £4 10s. There were three applicants for the situation.

It is understood that arrangements have been completed for a visit from the Arrow Dramatic Club, who will perform in connection with the entertainment celebrating the anniversary of the Cromwell Lodge of Good Templars, which takes place on 13th proximo. The Club intends producing the drama of "Rob Roy."

The installation of officers for the ensuing half year in Court Star of Cromwell A.O.F., took place last Saturday evening, when the following gentlemen were passed into the chairs set opposite their names:—C. R., Bro. James Stephens; S. C. R., Bro. Wm. Foreman; Treasurer, Bro. John Marsh; Secretary, Bro. Ed. Gonnin.

A Queenstown correspondent "wants to know, you know," whether, when the defeated candidate for the Mayoralty of that town appointed a professor of the tonsonial art to be his scrutineer he did so because he (the candidate) anticipated a close shave?" We are not warranted in offering any opinion on the subject, not being present at the poll.

It will be seen from report of Council meeting held on Friday evening, that the Municipal authorities have accepted the tender of Messrs Parke and Curle, Dunedin, for the pipes necessary to carry out the first section of the waterworks scheme, the price being £382. The pipes are to be procured from Melbourne. Another Dunedin firm tendered at £680 5s. the pipes to be cast in Dunedin. It is difficult to understand what should induce so much difference in the offers.

In our business columns, Mr J. Solomon, draper, announces his intention to hold a Great Clearing Sale of stock for one month only. The drapery and clothing division of Mr Solomon's establishment is replete with every article of apparel, and the advertiser announces his intention to sell at a great sacrifice to make a clearance. To the ladies especially Mr Solomon's invitation must be acceptable, as he offers special bargains in their department. To all, it will be an advantage to give a call at the Cheap House, where the truth of these remarks will be made apparent.—[ADVR.]

Another addition to the newspaper literature of the Province is likely soon to be made, the locality of the new venture being Queenstown. The enterprise will be undertaken by a joint-stock company, and it is said the principal men in the Wakatip district have taken the matter in hand, and intend to carry it out thoroughly. We are informed that at a preliminary meeting held last week, over £1000 was subscribed, which goes to show that the projectors mean business. The Wakatip district has more than once been threatened from without with opposition in the newspaper and printing trade, but this is the first time the local residents have taken action, and consequently it is more likely to come to something.

Our enterprising fellow-townsman, Mr Goodger, is now proceeding with the formation of an extensive orchard at his farm on the Lower Flat. This gentleman recently purchased the bulk of trees reared by Mr Samuel Goldston at Arrowtown, which are all well grown and choice varieties. We are informed that Mr Goodger has also secured a large parcel of Mr Innes' trees, grown at the same place, which are known throughout the Wakatip as the very best in the district, Mr Innes having spared neither trouble nor expense in securing the finest sorts, and rendering his extensive garden one of the most attractive and valuable in the Lakes district. This only adds another to the long list of Mr Goodger's enterprises from which the district benefits.

Mr McGann, the police officer in charge, has, we are glad to see, been looking after those citizens who have so long been using the streets as convenient lumber and carriage yards, and has caused them to remove therefrom. The result is an improvement in appearance of the town, to say nothing of doing away with the risk of breaking one's shins on a dark night over the various man-traps. Evidently Mr McGann is no respecter of persons, as he seems to have commenced the reformation at the door of our worthy Mayor. It is said he (the officer in charge—not the Mayor) intends to take the Block IX question in hand, and cut the Gordian knot by compelling the occupants to remove their premises off the street. But perhaps this is only a "goak."

At last week's sitting of the Waste Lands Board the business dealt with comprised the following:—Mr Wm. Williams applied for a renewal of license for his water race at Waikerikeri Creek, Dunstan Flat. To be renewed. —Edward M'Caffrey applied for a lease of section 7, block V., Mid-Wakatip district, for quarrying purposes.—License to be granted under the 91st section of the Act, for one acre, at £1 per annum.—Mr Geo. Fache requested that he might be appointed salesman for Crown lands situated within the Dunstan district.—The Board agreed that there was no necessity for a change at present.—Mr Thomas George Betts was recommended by the District Land Officer at Queenstown as a member for the Board of Enquiry at that place, vice Mr Hallenstein, resigned.—Approved.

The *Clutha Leader* would appear to be a highly favored organ, judging by the action of the local Corporation there, who recently paid a little bill of £84 for advertising the municipal bye-laws.

At an influential congregational meeting of members of the Church of England at Clyde, held last week, it was resolved to proceed with the erection of a new stone church building. A sum of over £200 was promised by those present at the meeting.

The *Daily Times* emphatically denies any knowledge of the petition for the removal of Mr Warden Beetham, which is being hawked round by its travelling reporter. This denial is rendered necessary owing to statements having been published to the effect that the petition was being got up by the *Daily Times*.

His Honor the Superintendent notifies in last Provincial Gazette that he has appointed John Davie, Esq., and D. MacKellar, Esq., to be Acting Provincial Secretary and Secretary for Lands and Railways respectively, during the absence of Mr Reid at Wellington. Mr MacKellar left here for Dunedin on Monday.

"Tis an ill-wind that blows no one good" appears to have been exemplified during the excitement of the Mayoral election at Lawrence, judging from an advertisement in the local paper to this effect:—Parties who mistook good Hats for worn-out tiles, at the Town Hall, on Monday, are requested to return them to their rightful owners.

The sudden death, within a few days, of a number of citizens of Invercargill, is considerably exercising the local press, from which it appears there is a feud between the medical authorities as to the nature of the insidious and fatal malady. The *News* properly says that while the doctors disagree the disease progresses, and it suggests the importation of fresh and unprejudiced talent.

Mr Roberts, junior, is now the champion billiard player of England, he having defeated W. Cook in the match for the championship on the 24th May last. The game was 1000 up, and Roberts won by 163 points. Owing to the table being a "championship" one, the spot stroke could not be played, and the highest break, which was made by Roberts, was therefore only 49. Besides the championship, the match was for a gold cup, and £100 a-side.

The *Southland News* on Saturday 17th inst., killed a well known settler in the district named Ott, but in their issue of the 20th they very considerately brought him to life again. It appears that the announcement of Mr Ott's death (together with a laudatory obituary notice) caused an immense amount of amusement, and to none more than the "dead man" himself. After all, it is very nice to know what a respectable journal will say about you when you have shuffled off this mortal coil. The *News* apologises to Mr Ott's friends for the trouble and annoyance the mistake may have caused.

We have received No. 1 of the *Weekly Advertiser*, a new paper started in Dunedin. So much had been written of this fresh aspirant for public favor that we confess to some little disappointment on its first appearance—a feeling which may be ascribed to the inordinate "puffing" which preceded the *Advertiser's* birth. The paper is well printed, and is got up in a style very suitable to advertisers, the reading matter and advertisements being in alternate columns. Of course in a first issue allowances must be made, and our contemporary promises enlargement and other improvements in succeeding numbers. We welcome the *Advertiser*, and hope it may have a long and prosperous career.

By proclamation in the last *New Zealand Gazette* the boundaries of the District Court of the Otago Goldfields are altered. Its jurisdiction extends north to the boundary of the Colony, south to the Mataura river, and westward to a line drawn from the source of that river along the western water-shed of Lake Wakatip; the eastern boundary is elaborately specified. From the 12th of this month, the Court was empowered to exercise criminal jurisdiction in all felonies and indictable offences, excepting those specially exempted. Sittings are appointed to be held at Nasby on 2nd August; Clyde, August 9; Queenstown, August 16; and Lawrence, August 23.

By advertisement elsewhere, a meeting is convened for this evening of gentlemen favorable to celebrating the centenary of Daniel O'Connell. A propos of this subject, a correspondent points out that the Queenstown people are jubilant in view of a grand banquet and ball in honor of the occasion, to be held on the 5th of August, whereas the "Liberator" was born on the 9th of that month, 1775. The writer also

remarks that a popular M.P.C. at the Lakes city is regarded as something akin to a hero from the fact that he "twice crossed the Channel under the Great Liberator's care, Sir." We can beat that. Cromwell boasts of a resident who has often been dangled on the knees of and patted on the head by the illustrious man! Who would think there was such greatness amongst us?

If recent Wellington telegrams may be accepted as truthful index of the state of things in the Assembly Hall, it looks very likely that again the Goldfields representatives will be divided, and the little influence they yet possess be entirely lost to their constituents. Last session the elements of discord among the Otago Goldfields members were sufficiently powerful to prevent any practical good being accomplished by them, and even caused the rejection of a measure which contained many good and desirable points, viz.—Mr Shepherd's Goldfields Bill.

Apparently the same unwise policy is again to be pursued, judging from the following telegram of 21st inst.:—When the resolution for the appointment of a Goldfields Committee was proposed Mr O'Connor pitched into the constitution of the Committee. In reply, Mr T. L. Shepherd said he would be glad to be off the Committee, as being on it was not pleasant work for gentlemen—Messrs Pyke and J. C. Brown being in the habit of getting up combats to defeat anything not emanating from themselves, and not caring anything about the interests they were supposed to represent. Indeed he thought that this move of O'Connor's was the result of a design on the part of J. C. Brown, who, being a silent member, got O'Connor to talk for him.

The Clerk then opened and read nominations for Councillors as follows:—

KAWARAU WARD.

Mr O. Pierce proposed, and Mr W. T. Taylor seconded, Mr H. ARNDT.

BRIDGE WARD.

Mr D. A. Jolly proposed, and Mr J. Dawkins seconded, Mr H. ARNDT.

For Macandrew Ward there were no nominations.

There being only one candidate for Kawa-

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

TUESDAY, 7.50 p.m.

At the inquiry into Flexman's tannery fire, the verdict was that there was no evidence to show how it originated.

The Gas Committee recommended to the Council that Mr Curtis, Melbourne gas engineer, be appointed, at a fee of 100 guineas, to report fully as to the value of the Dunedin gasworks. Ritchie (Hankey's attorney) objected, however, on the ground that Curtis was not disinterested, having previously been in communication with the Council about new works. The Council have informed Ritchie that if the refusal is persisted in, the erection of works will be proceeded with.

Turner, a young man in the employ of Beauchop, builder, Port Chalmers, drowned himself on Tuesday last. His work was found fault with on that day, which is presumed to have been the cause. The body was found, and at the inquest, a verdict of "unsound mind" was given. It was stated that he was eccentric and weak-minded.

About fifty of the leading ladies of Dunedin met in the Temperance Hall yesterday, to consider the expensive mourning question. Bishop Nevill and other ministers were also present. A motion to discourage the wearing of crape was carried, and it was also resolved to ask the support of country residents in the movement.

A lengthy correspondence between Vogel and Julian, Sargent, and Featherston has been published, relative to the Four Million loan, from which it appears that the loan would not have been subscribed, had Vogel not been on the spot to take up the negotiations.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Address in Reply was carried on the voices, after a lengthy debate, on Friday.

Sir D. M'Lean then announced that the Government would bring down the Financial Statement and Government measures next week.

The Government are determined to press their abolition resolutions, and there is no doubt they will have a clear majority. The Provincial party, however, are working hard to gain votes.

LATEST.

(Star's Wellington Correspondence.)

Messrs Murray, Thomson, and Brown waited on Richardson, Minister of Works, to-day about the Clutha Railway. He promised it should be punctually opened in September, and also to have the line to Tuapeka opened simultaneously with the Clutha line.

The Government will bring down the Abolition Bill on Thursday.

The increase this year in Customs and Stamp duties is £150,000.

It is said that Reynolds will resign at the end of the session, to make room for Stafford.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The ordinary meeting of above was held on Friday evening last, there being present the Mayor, and Councillors Arndt and Talboys only.

Minutes of previous meeting having been read and confirmed,

CORRESPONDENCE

was read and dealt with, as follows:—Letter from Mr W. H. Whetter, resigning his position as Councillor for Bridge Ward; telegram from Messrs Barr and Oliver, stating that three tenders for pipes had been received, that of Park and Curle, £382, being the lowest.

Resolved that Councilor Whetter's resignation be accepted, as dating from Monday, 26th instant, and that the election of his successor be fixed for Monday, 9th August.

The Town Clerk was instructed to make the necessary arrangements.

Proposed by Cr Talboys,—That the tender of Messrs Park and Curle, as telegraphed by Barr and Oliver, be accepted.—Carried.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

The Auditors' report was read, and a motion adopted,—That the report be handed to the Finance Committee to consider the suggestions contained therein; the Committee to report thereon at next meeting.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were presented and passed for payment:—James Scott, balance of contract, £10 10s; James Stuart, labor, £30; Messrs Wrightson and Tait, £2 2s each.

This concluded the business.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

NOMINATION OF COUNCILLORS.

The nomination of Councillors for the various Municipal Wards took place at the Town Hall yesterday at noon. Mr D. Jolly presided and after opening the proceedings requested, the Town Clerk to read the nominations received.

The Clerk then opened and read nominations for Councillors as follows:—

KAWARAU WARD.

Mr O. Pierce proposed, and Mr W. T. Taylor seconded, Mr H. ARNDT.

BRIDGE WARD.

Mr D. A. Jolly proposed, and Mr J. Dawkins seconded, Mr H. ARNDT.

For Macandrew Ward there were no nominations.

There being only one candidate for Kawa-

rau and Bridge Wards respectively the presiding officer declared Messrs Talboys and Arndt duly elected. It became the duty, he proceeded to say, of the citizens to nominate and elect one of their number with or without his consent, to act as Councillor for Macandrew Ward—in terms of the 25th section of the Ordinance.

Mr Arndt thanked the citizens for his re-election. He was sorry to see so little interest taken in the choice of Councillors, and did not think it spoke much for the energy and spirit of the citizens of such a rising town as Cromwell. For himself he could only promise to do in the future as in the past—work for the best interests of the town and district.

Mr Talboys in thanking the ratepayers endorsed the views of Mr Arndt as to the apathy shown in the elections. He considered it a crying shame that one of the Wards of an important town should be unrepresented.

With respect to the rate of 1s 3d in the £ struck for last year, he went in favor of it for the reason that he did not consider a rate of one shilling would be sufficient in view of the sanitary works the Council had to overtake. There had been a great deal of talk about the cost of employing a scavenger, but if the ratepayers were not satisfied with the present arrangement they should give public expression to their opinions, and let the Council know their views. With respect to the Waterworks, Mr Talboys said he was the mover of the resolution that the pipes be not laid along the terrace. His reason for this was that there were only two or three ratepayers who would be benefitted, while the extra cost would amount to close on £300. Besides, the present race would be available for residents on the terrace. They had not sufficient money to complete even the scheme so far as proposed, and he thought the Council had acted wisely in not placing too many debentures in the market, especially as they found that money was now getting easier.

Mr Talboys also gave his views on Block IX question, expressing an opinion that were the inhabitants to unanimously act in the matter and get the assistance of the local M.P.C., the difficulty would soon be got over, and the land vested in the Corporation. In answer to a question by Mr Dawkins, Mr Talboys said he did not think the recent work on the main road was up to the mark. He had brought the matter before the Council, but it was thought better not to interfere with the contractor during the progress of the job.

AUDITORS.

The only nominees to fill the position of Auditors were Messrs J. A. Preshaw and C. F. Johnson, proposed by Messrs Jolly and Arndt. It being found that Mr Johnson's name did not appear on the citizens' roll, and that neither of the candidates' qualifications were not stated in the nomination paper, the Mayor said he must declare the nomination informal, and proceedings would have to be gone over afresh.

The Mayor then declared proceedings at an end.

MAYORAL ELECTIONS.

The following are the results of the various elections for the office of Mayor of the respective municipalities throughout the Province:—

QUEENSTOWN.

T. G. Betts (re-elected)	110
W. Warren	95

ARROWTOWN.

R. Pritchard	39
W. Jenkins	23
H. Graham	0

CROMWELL.

Mr D. A. Jolly re-elected without opposition.

CLYDE.

B. Naylor (re-elected)	45
J. Feraud	36

ALEXANDRA.

Mr James Samson re-elected without opposition.

ROXBURGH.

Mr J. Beighton re-elected.

NASEBY.

Mr Busch (re-elected)	63
Mr George	33

LAWRENCE.

M. Fraer	81
M. Hay	47
G. Walker	45

TOKOMAIRIRO.

J. W. Dyer	76
J. Goodall	73

PALMERSTON.

ARROW TOWN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

July 27, 1875.

The writ referred to in my last as having been served upon the proprietor of the *Wakatip Mail* by Mr Wesley Turton is said not to have reached its destination yet, although applied for in Dunedin. And Warren's paper seems to say, "My soul's in arms and eager for the fray."

A gentleman connected with the Press informs me that he must cease dating his telegrams, etc., from Queenstown, as so many canards and ridiculous and one-sided statements emanate from that quarter that anything going from it is *prima facie* doubtful.

Advices from Skippers speak of more brilliant returns than ever from the Phoenix claim. The stone is described as magnificent, and will go twenty or thirty ounces. The tunnel in which it was struck runs alongside the reef for a long distance, and was driven in a kind of false reef by contract; so little pains had been taken to get gold, only to run out the softest stuff to be found. Now the reef can be stopped out from this tunnel so readily that each pick can get two tons daily for an immense time to come. In some places the cap-pieces in the hanging wall are in the golden stone, while the tunnel itself was in the poorest. The tributaries complain of the delay shown by Mr Bullen's manager in not completing the fluming and pipes leading water to the turbine, which will postpone their spring crushing. It was part of the bargain that the work was to be done for them, while they voluntarily offered to give a week's work of their party of eight towards it. The tributaries have dropped in for a splendid thing. They have 300 tons of stone out, and they laugh at the croaking remarks of your Queenstown correspondent last week. Southberg's party is on better stone than the last, and the Nugget and Cornish are sanguine of striking the reef in a few days in the new tunnel. The prospect of the dray-road up the Shotover is being warmly taken up by residents. The alluvial mining is dull all the way up the river, but much confidence is shewn in the lately rushed ground at Arthur's Point. Mr Morrison is going to rebuild his hotel there, in view of the return of prosperity.

The company formed to prospect the German Hill reef have taken action to summon the holders of a prospecting claim there for cancellation of certificate for abandonment, before they can do anything. The names of the parties who obtained the certificate are William Davis, who is in Frankton Hospital, and William Raven, who is said to be in Clyde. If these persons still wish to try the ground, they would have an opportunity by joining the new company.

The Sons of Fortune tunnel is advancing, and shareholders are very hopeful from present appearances.

The agitation about the sale of auriferous land at Whitechapel Flat still continues, and the Miners' Association held an extraordinary meeting about it on Saturday. On Monday, the 19th, a long telegram was forwarded from Queenstown by Mr Manders, M.P.C., on the subject to Mr MacKellar, Goldfields Secretary, Dunedin; also a letter. The letter has been received by the Under-Secretary in Mr MacKellar's absence, but not the telegram. This hitch has caused the delay. Meantime the greatest anxiety is felt lest the Waste Land Board should sell this valuable piece of auriferous land, as powerful influence in town is evidently at work to induce them to do so. Another telegram on the same subject to the *Evening Star*, from its correspondent, seems also to have miscarried. The matter will be enquired into.

A much respected lady, wife of Mr James Chesney, died rather suddenly last week, and was buried on Sunday last. A very large concourse of residents from all parts of the district attended the funeral, which was conducted by the Rev. Father Mackay. The scene in the church, when the remains were screwed up in the coffin, and her relatives took a last look at them, was most affecting, and will not be easily forgotten. The sudden loss of this estimable lady has caused renewed attention towards supplying the great want of a resident doctor in the Arrow. We have at present to send to Queenstown or Frankton, and in cases of sudden illness the danger is greater from this cause.

A shock of earthquake was felt here on Friday morning at about half-past four.

A party from Macetown to-day states that he has discovered a main lode of quartz in that neighborhood, running for miles, from four to nine feet thick, and yielding good prospects.

The Arrow Dramatic Club intend to play Rob Roy at the Arrow before visiting Cromwell, in order to practise their parts thoroughly. You may expect much gratification from this play, as it is considered most creditable to the Club. Their performance of Rory O'More was excellent for a first representation, and shows the versatility as well as the ability of the players.

We have seldom to report the arrival of such a large quantity of drapery into this town in one week. W. Talboys, of the London House, has just received his splendid stock of Winter Drapery, Boots, and Clothing, selected by himself with great care, from the largest stocks in Dunedin. In consequence of the arrival of his new stock, amounting to over £1800, he is obliged to extend his premises; and has opened out a show-room for millinery, underclothing, and ladies' boots. It is needless to state that since the arrival, the place has been thronged with customers to purchase the latest novelties; and the public would do well to pay a visit to this establishment, where a first-rate article can be bought at such prices as to defy competition. For particulars, see advertisement.—[ADVT.]

QUEENSTOWN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

July 23, 1875.

Our election for Mayor and Councillors is over, resulting in the return of Mr Betts as Mayor, against Mr Warren, by a majority of 15. The Councillors are Messrs Tully, Cash, and Clark. They had a walk-over. Mr Clark was proposed against Mr Warren as Councillor, but he (Mr Warren) declines any contest. The election for Mayor created considerable excitement. The only new man is Mr Clark, of the firm of Clark and Talboys. Our Corporation has a good deal of work cut out for them. They owe about £1200, but considering that the income amounts to £720, it can scarcely be called a debt. Part of this, about £1100, is owing to Mr Robertson, and must be met by a special rate of 3s 6d or 4s in the pound. This will be considered heavy, but it is really the best way of getting rid of the difficulty. We can then ask borrowing powers with a good grace by showing that we are not afraid of taxation.

It was with considerable surprise that I saw a paragraph in your paper stating that a travelling reporter of the *Daily Times* denied some statements I made. I was present when he was trying to get signatures, and heard his statements refuted. He did not even attempt to defend them. As to the monetary transactions, they are well known to everyone in the district. But if he persist in his denial, I will request to be permitted to send you documentary evidence of the fact, in the travelling reporter's own handwriting. Of course it is possible that there may be more than one reporter for the *Daily Times* in the district.

From some of the speeches made at the Mayoral election, I can see indications that Queenstown people are likely to look beyond the town, and endeavour to do something for the surrounding district. The necessity for a dray-road to Skippers seems to be agreed upon by all parties. The clamor raised by the Southland members, together with the overpowering influence of Dunedin, is very likely to have a depressing effect on Government expenditure on the Goldfields. Our share of local revenue expended here last year was very small. Such votes as £400 for road at the Head of Lake Wakatip, £500 Martin's Bay track, £600 courthouse, look well on paper. But they become a dangerous delusion when kept there year by year. Because we got £236 for our Atheneum last year, we are to receive none at all this, although we intended raising £1 for £1. We are informed by the Government that the present year's grant is for localities that have received no subsidy. In other words, people are tempted to begin building, and then told they may finish as they like. We see, in contrast to this, the Dunedin Harbour Board subsidised by the possession of a foreshore of inestimable value.—Provincial property,—to enable them to ruin Port Chalmers, the natural harbour of Otago. Provincialism is an excellent form of government, and every student of the history of government will admit its power in conserving the liberties of the people, but we want our revenues localised, to check the overpowering rapacity of the large towns.

Since I commenced writing, I am informed that our leading citizens have formed themselves into a newspaper company. Considerable indignation has been felt here lately at some correspondence, which was considered too personal, and that the political articles were written to favor not a party, but one person only. The *Mail*, in spite of this, is a paper of considerable standing, and the new project has a good deal of hard work cut out for it. Still, if the gentlemen mentioned as the new company take an interest in another paper, there is little doubt of its success.

The mining interest at Arthur's Point is as lively as ever. One proprietor yesterday refused £100 for permission to mine under four acres of his freehold. A party is leaving here to-morrow to trace the old course of the Shotover above the Arthur's Point gorge. If this can be done for any distance, a new life will be infused into alluvial mining. Unfortunately, if it runs into Miller's Flat, the land there is all lease or freehold. This agricultural leasing on the Goldfields seems to have been carried out without much consideration for the future of gold mining.

COMMERCIAL.

Mr F. H. Evans reports as follows for the week ending 22nd July:—

Sales.—National Insurance shares, 24s 6d; Standard, 13s 6d; Colonial Bank, 24s 6d; National Bank, L3 16s; South British Insurance, L2 7s.

Sellers.—Bank of New Zealand (L10 paid up), L17 15s; National Bank (L3 10s paid up), L3 18s; Colonial Bank (L1 10s paid up), L1 5s 6d; Fiji Bank (L2 10s paid up), L2 13s; New Zealand Insurance (L2 10s paid up), L2 10s; South British Insurance (L1 6s 8d paid up), L2 8s; National Insurance (10s paid up), 25s 6d; Standard Insurance (10s paid up), 18s; Otago and Southland Investment Co. (L1 paid up), L1 6s; Mosgiel Woollen Factory Co. (L3 paid up), L2 12s; Daily Times and Witness Co. (L40 paid up), L55; Guardian Printing Co. (L3 paid up), L2 5s; Albion Brewing Co. (10s paid up), 7s; Forbury Park Co. (L10 paid up), L3 5s; New Zealand Shipping Co. (L2 10s paid up), L1 5s; Star of the East (L5 paid up), L5 10s; Elizabeth (L5 paid up), L1 15s; Lucknow (L1 10s paid up), L2 17s 6d; Caledonian (L1 paid up), 20s; Arrow United (10s paid up), 8s; Shotover Gold Mining (L1 paid up), 4s 6d.

Buyers.—Bank of New Zealand, L17 10s; National Bank, L3 15s; Colonial Bank, L1 5s; South British Insurance, L2 5s; National Insurance, 25s; Standard Insurance, 13s 6d; Daily Times and Witness, L50; Forbury Park Company, L33; New Zealand Shipping, L1 3s; Star of the East, L5; Lucknow, L2 15s.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

MR TURTON AND MR BARRY.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR.—I shall feel much obliged by your insertion of the enclosed letter, as Mr Warren, the proprietor of the *Wakatip Mail*, to whom I took it myself, after distinctly promising to insert it in the last issue of his paper, (together with an apology from himself for having published Mr Barry's letter of the 15th instant,) has failed to keep his promise. After the curious behaviour of Mr Warren throughout this matter, I fail to feel any assurance that he will publish my letter at all.

In the *Mail* which was to have contained my letter, and Mr Warren's expression of regret at its cause, appears instead a joyous paragraph from "we," expressing gladness and jubilation at the prospect of my bringing an action for libel against the *Mail*. This prospect only exists in the excited imagination of Mr Warren, as no notice of action has ever been served by me upon him.—I am, &c.,

WESLEY TURTON.

Queenstown, July 23, 1875.

ENCLOSURE.

To the Editor of the *Wakatip Mail*.

SIR.—May I ask the favor of space in your columns, in which to refute certain statements made by Mr William Jackson Barry, in a letter written by him to the *Wakatip Mail* of the 15th instant.

I pass over the opening and closing insolences of the letter, as utterly beneath my notice, and proceed to remark on a few of Mr Barry's misstatements.

In the first place, it is quite true that I have collected a few of Mr Barry's book debts, but have on more than one occasion given him a memorandum of the amounts received by me. The sum total received just about covers the expense of collection.

With reference to the Barry-Powell cases, my relations with Mr Barry were simply those which ordinarily exist between solicitor and client. It must be apparent to everyone that there are many things which pass between a solicitor and his client that I am precluded, as a professional man, from publishing in the columns of a public journal. I will, therefore, merely state that which is a matter of public notoriety,—that when the case for £200 was called on in the District Court, Mr Barry did not put in an appearance, and was consequently nonsuited with costs.

As regards the information for perjury laid by Mr Barry, I beg to state that it was done contrary to my advice, and that I did not instigate Mr Barry to lay the information. I declined to appear for Mr Barry, and he then applied to the police to assist him in the prosecution.

The fraud summons referred to I had nothing whatever to do with, nor did Mr Barry ever mention the subject to me.

The insinuations which are scattered broadcast throughout Mr Barry's letter will, I am confident, appear to the vast majority of his fellow-citizens simply as incontrovertible evidence of his determination not to understand or appreciate those relations which exist between honorably-minded men, either in public or private life.

In conclusion, I beg to state that this is the first and last time I intend to take any notice of Mr Barry's statements concerning myself.—Yours obediently,

WESLEY TURTON.

PANNOCKBURN MINERS' ASSOCIATION AND THE RUNHOLDER.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR.—Will you kindly allow me to correct a paragraph in your report of the quarterly meeting of the Bannockburn and Carrick Range Miners' Association? The following is the paragraph referred to:—"The Chairman informed the meeting that he had seen the Goldfields Secretary, who had intimated to him that an arrangement had been made whereby each resident had the privilege of running six head of cattle without interference by the runholder."

Now, Sir, I waited for the Goldfields Secretary to contradict the above statement in last week's issue; but, finding he has not done so, I now beg to give it a distinct and unqualified denial. I would not have troubled you, only the paragraph might be believed by some, and they might buy cattle on the strength of the statement.

There cannot be the slightest doubt, assuming the paragraph to be correct, that the Goldfields Secretary has been amusing himself at the Chairman's expense.

It may never have struck the Association what loss such an arrangement would entail on the lessees of the station; but supposing "each resident" to carry out the "privilege," it would amount to a matter of 1200 or 1500 head of cattle,—a mere fleabite, but nevertheless a fourth of the carrying capacity of the station.

Now, I have no doubt that were those prominent members of the Association owners of the station, they would with pleasure allow any number of cattle to run. But then some people are so very selfish, and I dare say the present owners, and their officers also, may with safety be included in that category.

Before closing this note, I will with your permission give a word of advice to Miners' Associations in general, and to the Bannockburn and Carrick Range Association in particular.

It has often struck me that Miners' Associations might confer a very great amount of good on themselves as a body, were they to confine themselves entirely to mining matters; but it is not by pestering the Government on every question of the day, or by impudent interference with things in general, entirely beyond their jurisdiction, that they will assist or in any way benefit themselves.—I am, &c.,

JAMES COWAN.

Kawarau Station, July 26, 1875.

EDUCATION.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR.—Education has been looked after by the Provincial Government in a creditable manner and its importance has not been overlooked. The Otago Education Ordinance is, I believe, admirable in many respects. Our schools are numerous, and the teachers on the whole efficient. The nature of the instruction given is in keeping with the times. So far I consider the

Otago Ordinance is good. It may be said that if such is my opinion I ought to be satisfied; But satisfied I am not, and the reason of my dissatisfaction lies in the part of the Ordinance that allows one class of Christian worshippers to make use of the public schools, while others are denied the same privilege. It is an abuse of power to make one half of the people pay for the denominational teaching of the other. Why should the Jews be compelled to pay for teaching others a dogma they believe not in? Few will deny that it is unjust. Nevertheless it is the law in Otago. I may be told that the Jews are not very numerous in Otago, and that they do not complain of the system of education. Such a plea would only make the evil more apparent, as it would show that they are trodden on because they are powerless. But I will show how unjustly our Education Ordinance operates upon another and more numerous section of the inhabitants of Otago: I refer to the Roman Catholics. It cannot be said that they do not complain, that they do not feel the unjust, unfair, and unchristian treatment which they receive at the hands of people professing to be Christians, and who are supposed to act conscientiously. It certainly appears to me that the consciences of the great bulk of the professing Christians are very elastic, and that the precept, "Do unto others as we would that others do unto us," is very little heeded. Will it be denied that the Roman Catholics are entitled to a fair share of the money set aside for educational purposes? I think not. Well, then, why do they not get it? Simply because it is offered to them on conditions that they cannot conscientiously submit to; and the consequence is that they levy a special rate on themselves for educational purposes. For every one pound paid by the Protestant for education, the Roman Catholic pays two. It is monstrous that such should be the case in a Christian land: it is nothing short of sectarian tyranny. It may be asked what is in the Education Ordinance to drive Roman Catholics to such extremities. Simply a book or books are allowed to be read in our schools that are antagonistic to the Roman Catholic faith. Again it may be said that those objecting are at liberty to withdraw their children from school during the reading of the obnoxious book or books. But if such is the case, why not allow the Roman Catholics the use of the school for religious or sectarian teaching, and let the Protestants be at liberty to withdraw their children? By doing that, both would be on an equal footing. We are told that the Otago system of education is not denominational. I deny it. It is sectarian to the Protestant, but secular to the Catholic. Can it be denied that the Protestants are allowed the use of books belonging to their denomination? Can it be denied that the Roman Catholics are denied the use of the books belonging to their Church and faith? It is lamentable to think that in a country that boasts of its liberty and freedom, one section of the people should trample the other under their feet, regardless of their conscience or their creed.—I am, &c.,

PROTESTANT.

Bannockburn, July 21, 1875.

WANTED TO KNOW.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR.—I want to know when the Cromwell waterworks are to be commenced, or tenders called for the same, at least? Our worthy Mayor promised, at his election, that "they would probably be completed in five months from that date, if the weather proved favorable." Well, generally, I fancy the weather is most favorable, and the sooner the Mayor and Councillors "grasp the nettle," and initiate this most desirable scheme, the better.

I want to know why a fire is not provided in the Cromwell Public Library these bitter frosty nights? also why the newspapers are not filed regularly, as in all other libraries, instead of being sold to the purveyors of sausages and other "small goods."

I want to know why the town dayman is not instructed to rake the road metal and gravel from the side-channels to the centre of the road, so as to gradually form a crown to the same, and thus remedy the consequences of the faulty specification supplied to the late contractor?

I want to know if the Council propose to utilise the town manure for reclaiming the sandy waste north of the town, instead of wasting it by burial as at present?

I may want to know something more presently. In the meantime,—I am, &c.,

DIOCESE.

July 27, 1875.

THE MINER.

BENDIGO.

The Cromwell Company sent in a cake of some 583 ounces, which, being the result of a fortnight's crushing, is highly satisfactory.

The other reefs at Bendigo do not call for any special notice, the want of crushing machinery preventing the owners of some good mines from realising. The Lucknow Company's mill, however, has just been overhauled, preparatory to commencing operations, and we hope shortly to be in a position to give something more than surmises as to the value of Bendigo mines. A private letter reports very favorably of the appearance of the stone in the Lucknow Co.'s mine.

Prospecting is being vigorously proceeded with at Bendigo, and we hear of several auriferous leaders having been discovered; but nothing further than fair prospects have been obtained.

The Lowburn Sluicing and Mining Company have already got their water-wheel on the ground, and Messrs Kincaid, M'Queen, and Co., of Dunedin, are supplying the pumping gear. This company's success or otherwise will determine the value of a considerable area of ground in the Lowburn.

FREE TRADE IN GOLD MINING.

The palmy days of gold mining are at an end. Victoria and New Zealand have had their day, but the delirium of the "gold fever" has long since passed away, leaving the mining industry comparatively prostrate. And it has been unskillfully treated by the experts. The legislative doctors have botched and bungled, varying their treatment occasionally, but always having resort to the lancet. The main question apparently was : "How much blood can the patient lose?" and that once decided they bled him within an inch of his life. Every possible device was resorted to for the purpose of extracting money from the gold miner. The fruits of his industry were not only regarded as clear profit, but in a measure, as the property of some one else. There were wardens and bailiffs to look after him; receivers of revenue to impoverish him; cast-iron regulations to harass him; and "jumpers" to put them in force, without remorse, and under color of law rob him of his hard-earned property. Security in mining property there was none. Although some change for the better in this respect was made by the Mining Districts Act, in force in Auckland, on the whole it may be said the cure was worse than the disease. It was an exceptional piece of legislation, and like all exceptional laws, it does not work smoothly or equitably when generally applied. To be sure, it certainly does protect mining associations from the hourly dread of plunder through some trifling neglect, on the part of their servants, of some minute point of detail in the regulations, and to that extent it has been a boon.

The question arises : "What should be done to encourage gold mining?" Otago empirics have hit upon a device of paying a bonus, by evading the law; but it is a roundabout and ineffectual method at best, and as the recently enacted Ordinance is in fraud of the Customs Duties Act, and in contravention of the Constitution Act, we can hardly think the Governor will be advised to leave it to its operation, the Colonial Secretary's letter to Superintendent Macandrew notwithstanding. But on other grounds the plan is imperfect. It is partial in its operation, and were it to do all that its advocates claim for it in Otago, which we take leave to doubt, it would depress the gold mining industries in other provinces in the same ratio. However well meant and kindly intended, the Otago Ordinance providing for the payment of a bonus on every ounce of gold raised in that province, must fail in its object.

We write for the colony, and not for a division of it. From a colonial point of view, we say, let gold mining be as free and untrammeled as any other industry. Gold is not taken from the earth for nothing. The cost of every ounce of gold produced bears a very large proportion to its standard value. The special taxes, therefore, which are imposed upon gold mining, to maintain an army of non-producing officials, should be abolished. This would enable the men engaged in gold-mining pursuits, North and South, to work to greater advantage. The rent, in the shape of miner's right, license, and registration fees, and the income tax, in the shape of export duty on gold, would make the difference, in nine cases out of ten, between a profit and a loss on the year's operations. In the case of companies or associations, it would go far towards the turning point between dividends and calls; and in general, private enterprise would be stimulated to greater exertions. In other words, we should stimulate gold mining by applying to it as far as practicable, the principles of Free Trade. There is no reason why the administration of goldfields should be exceptional. Wardens and Wardens' Courts, and the whole system of goldfields administration, appears to us to be costly, cumbrous, and unnecessary. What have the gold miners done that they should be compelled to carry such an official load? Are they a lawless, reckless, abandoned body of men? Are they not, on the contrary, the most law-abiding, patient, long-suffering body of men that it is possible to find? There is in reality no crime on the New Zealand goldfields. On the other hand, there is nothing in the avocation of gold miners, or in the species of property created by them, that should prevent causes arising out of it from being determined in the ordinary courts of the colony. Let the law under which gold mining is pursued be simplified, and the litigation which occupies the Warden's Courts would be at an end. The country would be the gainer, as well as the miner, by this change. Money spent in litigation is wasted, just as money spent in maintaining a battalion of useless officials might as well be flung into the sea, to say nothing of the amount of skill and energy locked up, which might be usefully employed.

But we would go yet further, and give the gold miner an opportunity of acquiring a freehold title to his mining area, within a reasonable limit. This would tie him to the country. He would have a vested interest in his claim. He could build his house thereon, and while he was engaged in mining pursuits his family could cultivate the surface. Mining would then be conducted on a totally different method from what it is at present. The one thought now is to get the gold and clear out as soon as possible, leaving the land unfit for any useful purpose. But were the land the property of the miner, care would be taken, on working out a spot to fill up the workings and restore the surface. It would pay to do so. The land would remain, a valuable and improvable commodity, after the gold had been removed; and in process of time the worked-out ground would come to be occupied by a large producing population, instead of the ursightly and dangerous pitfalls we now see. The country

would get, in exchange for its gold, a settled population, and new industries would spring up, giving employment as the gold produce fell off. In this way, New Zealand would not be compelled to lament the falling-off in mining pursuits, nor would future economists point to solitary wastes as the only permanent result of its golden harvest.—*N. Z. Times*, 16th inst.

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN.

(From the Dunedin Dailies.)

London, June 21.

Messrs Moody and Sankey are preparing to visit Eton to conduct a service specially addressed to the students. Their intention has caused a great sensation and much controversy.

In Dublin, on June 18th, at midnight, a fire broke out in the Excise Bond Stores, which contained 1800 puncheons of whisky. There was a series of tremendous explosions, and the flames spread with great rapidity to adjoining buildings. Liquor flowed into the street, ignited the whole neighborhood, from 15 to 20 buildings, in Mill and Chambers-streets, and put them in flames. Vast crowds surrounded the burning buildings. The mob rolled several barrels of whisky out of the stores and helped themselves to the contents. The police mustered in force, and troops were ordered out to preserve order. Five thousand casks of liquor and 35 houses were destroyed.

The Pacific Island Protection Bill has been extended to New Guinea.

The *Times* publishes two columns of a review of the *New Zealand Handbook*, and praises Sir J. Vogel in unmeasured terms.

Bodies much mutilated continue to come ashore from the wreck of the Schiller. Three hundred thousand dollars in specie has been recovered.

A terrible earthquake occurred in South America. The earthquake violently visited the city of Riccal, Columbia. In New Canada a portion of the church fell down, and many houses were destroyed. Caucena was also destroyed, and the loss of life was frightful, thousands perishing. There is much excitement in Panama over the calamity. The city of Ciccula was completely destroyed, and but few families were saved. A ball of fire issued from the volcano and set fire to the houses. Another mouth was opened in the volcano on the side fronting Santiago, in the ridge called Guachane. Sixteen thousand lives are estimated as lost.

The Pope suffers from lumbago. He is not confined to his bed, and holds audiences as usual, but much anxiety prevails.

The Corporation of London have resolved to invite the Mayor of New York to an international municipal banquet next month.

The town of Macao, Province of Gaang Fang, was visited by a terrible hurricane. Considerable property was destroyed, and the shipping in the harbor suffered severely. The storm was unusually violent, and lasted several hours. A number of lives were lost.

The steamer Vicksburg struck on some icebergs off St. John's, Newfoundland. The vessel sank, and fifty men were drowned. One boat with five men was picked up, and another with thirty reached land. The men in the boat picked up were in a very exhausted state, and their feet and legs were so much swollen that their boots had to be cut from their feet. James Crowley, one of the rescued men, says at 9.30 p.m. on Monday the ship was stopped among the heavy ice, and was hove-to. After she got clear, and while going at full speed, she struck the bergs. The engines were immediately reversed and the ship struck heavily on the port quarter, carrying away the fans of the propeller, and a hole was knocked through the plates in that quarter, through which the ship made a quantity of water. The captain gave orders to launch the boats, with their respective crews, and told them to mind that the distance from St. John's was 120 miles north-west. The ship sank about ten o'clock floating boat No. 2 from her davits, with the chief officer and about thirty people in her. They got clear and pulled to windward. After the ship went down they saw the captain and some other persons floating on a bale of hay among the wreckage, and they tried all they could do to pick them up, but owing to the boat being half full of water and the ice about they were not able to do so. Interviews with several survivors of the wreck show that those of the crew and passengers who escaped in the boats abandoned the vessel and those on board to their fate in a manner somewhat discreditable.

The steamer City of New York was launched at Chester, Pennsylvania, on June 5. She is the second of three in course of construction for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, the contractors for the Australian mail service. Every known precaution has been taken for the speedy extinguishing of fire and for the saving of life. She has ten metallic lifeboats, calculated to accommodate 500 persons.

A disastrous fire at Toronto burned half a block, from Young to Victoria and North Stewett streets.

Accounts relative to the grasshopper plague continue to be of a most disastrous character. A Nebraska despatch says an immense army of grasshoppers covers an area extending in breadth from one end of the State to the other, and crossing the Union Pacific Railway in a northerly direction. A large number covers the ground from Omaha to Columbus, bringing utter destruction to many beautiful fields of grain. Many farmers lost their entire crops in a half-hour's time, while others in the same vicinity suffered little. Reports from Florence say the fields were stripped of everything. In Wash-

ton County, the grasshoppers are reported as having left in a body, after devouring everything green. The grasshoppers in Petaluma devoured the tops off five acres of potatoes.

The Arctic expedition has sailed. A special prayer will be used on Sundays in most of the English Churches for the crew and their success. The nation is intensely interested in the event.

As admitted by the *London Times* the Bosphorus steamer, which was to do away with the horrors of sea sickness in crossing the English Channel, is an undoubted failure.

A terrible disaster has visited Holyoke, in Massachusetts, in the burning of the French Catholic Church, which was so fatally swept that 66 men, women, and children were either burnt or crushed to death in the panic. Nearly at the close of the service a taper caught fire in the light trimming of the altar, and spread rapidly over the walls. The 700 people present rushed wildly to one narrow entrance, while those in the gallery jumped down on the mass below, from whence they were driven by the increasing flames, only to live for a few hours. In the streets were relatives of those burnt in the conflagration. The flames of the burning building, the gathering of the dead for identification, and the comforting of the dying, made a scene never before witnessed.

By an earthquake in Asia Minor 2,000 lives are reported to have been lost.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has recognised with approval the services of Messrs Moody and Sankey.

The British Polar Expedition sailed from Portsmouth on May 29, to make further explorations in the Arctic Sea. Preparations have been making for the past six months under Sir Henry Rawlinson. The enthusiasm at Portsmouth at the time of sailing was immense, thousands of people being present. Her Majesty sent a telegram to Commander Markham, wishing the expedition success.

SELECTIONS.

Terrible Adventure on Floating Ice.

A thrilling account of the sufferings of thirty-four men from Newfoundland, who were cast away on floating ice, of the death of thirteen from cold and exposure, and of the rescue of the remainder in a nearly exhausted condition, is given by a New York paper. The men are all Irish, or of Irish descent, and comprised nearly the entire able-bodied male population of the little town of St. Mary's. Andrew Mooney, a survivor, gives an account of the disaster which befel the party. He says :

The ice had been firm all winter, and the villagers had gone upon it frequently to hunt sea-birds. On the 2nd of March a brig was discovered 2½ miles from the shore fast in the ice. The party of thirty-four was gathered, and started out on the ice to her and spent the day on board. Towards evening they started homeward, but had not proceeded far when the fact was presented to them that the ice had parted between them and the shore, and the opening was increasing every moment. When the brink of the ice was reached the space of water between them and the shore was half a mile wide, the ice having broken one mile out from the land, and the immense field upon which they stood was floating steadily further out to sea. It was now quite dark. The party were exhausted and only half-clad, and unprepared for the terrible cold which soon set in. At first it rained until they were all wet to the skin. The rain then turned to sleet and snow. The wind veered to the northward and the cold became intense. Then came the struggle for life, the men stamping their feet and running madly about, the more sturdy encouraging the weak and faltering. At midnight the cold and exhaustion began to tell upon the doomed ones. First one and then another would lie down, saying he could go no further. The others would pick them up and try to keep them on their feet, but, after reeling for a short distance like drunken men, they would fall senseless upon the ice and die without a struggle. When morning dawned seven corpses were discovered at intervals upon the ice. A piece of ice 20ft square floating near the brink of the ice in the open water, upon which nine of them got, hoping that it would float towards the shore ice, and they could then save themselves. When it had floated 300yds it grounded, and the unfortunate remained upon it for three days and nights, during which time six of them died, the other three being picked up by the schooner George S. Fogg. All the food they had in all that time was a small white fish which was frozen in the sea. This they divided between them. The eighteen men remaining, after the nine floated out in the smaller iceberg, made their way back to the abandoned brig, which moved with the ice for a week in sight of land, and the fishermen were on her ten days before they were rescued.

Dr. Wilkes, in his recent work on physiology, remarks that "It is estimated that the bones of every adult person require to be fed with lime enough to make a marble mantel every eight months." It will be perceived, says Max Adele, therefore, that in the course of about ten years each of us eats three or four mantel pieces and a few sets of front door steps. And in a long life I suppose it is fair to estimate that a healthy American could devour the capitol at Washington, and perhaps two or three medium-sized quarries besides. It is awful to think of the consequences if a man should be shut off from his supply of lime for a while, and then let loose in a cemetery. An ordinary tomb-stone would hardly be enough for a lunch for him.

London.

The Leisure Hour says :—The metropolis of the British Empire, the largest city in the world ever seen, covers, within fifteen miles radius of Charing Cross, nearly seven hundred square miles, and numbers within these boundaries four millions of inhabitants. It comprises a hundred thousand foreigners from every region of the globe. The port of London has every day on its waters a thousand ships and nine thousand sailors. Upwards of a hundred and twenty persons are added to the population daily, or forty thousand yearly, a birth taking place every five minutes, and a death every eight minutes. On an average, twenty-eight miles of streets are opened and nine thousand new houses built every year. In its postal districts there is a yearly delivery of 238,000,000 of letters. On the police register there are the names of a hundred and twenty thousand habitual criminals, increasing by many thousand every year. More than one-third of all the crime of the country is committed in London, or at least brought to light there. There are as many beer-shops and gin-palaces as would, if their fronts were placed side by side, reach from Charing Cross to Portsmouth, a distance of seventy-three miles, and thirty-eight thousand drunkards are annually brought before its magistrates. The shops open on Sunday would form streets sixty miles long. It is estimated that there are above a million of the people who are practically heathen, wholly neglecting the ordinances of religion. At least nine hundred additional churches and chapels would be required for the wants of the people.

Youthful Literature.

Prentiss Mulford's "Our Village School," is a wonderful bit of realism, quite as humorous as anything Mark Twain has done, and upon a higher plane of art. The following description of the urchin wrestling with his composition is worthy of Dickens:—The very acme of juvenile intellectual torture at the village school was realised in attempting to "write compositions." On "composition day" every one was required to bring his written views, impressions, and opinions on subjects sometimes previously designated by the master, sometimes left to the pupil's own selection. In either case the agonizing process was the same, the operation beginning with the shutting up of the victim alone in a room with the necessary pens, paper, and ink. The first step was easy, being that of heading the foolscap with the title of the subject. That completed, there it remained for hours, the composer writing in the vain attempt to say something about "The Horse" or "The Cow." The horse was generally pronounced a "very useful animal"; after which both fact and imagination refused to give down a drop; and the victim's attention would wander toward some unfortunate fly crawling upon the window-pane, which, being caught and impaled on a pin, buzzed forth a doleful death-song, thereby furnishing a few moments' entertainment and forgetfulness, until the writer suddenly bethought himself that time was passing, while the world still remained unenlightened concerning "The Horse." A fresh penful of ink is taken, and the author squares himself at "The Horse." Meantime, the clean sheet of paper begins to assume a solid and crumpled appearance, flecked here and there with spots of variously shaded ink. The author gazes out of the window. Anything now stirring—a passing car, a dog, a boy—assumes an unwonted interest in his eyes. His fingers, toying with the pen, gradually accumulate upon themselves all the ink which should have been spread upon "The Horse." At last he is inspired to write thus : "The horse is a noble animal. My father once owned a horse. He ate hay, oats, and kicked. I rode him. My father sold him to a man because he thought he had the hives." The writer's name is now placed at the bottom of this essay, with such excess of care and precision that the joyous rebound consequent on the successful conclusion of the effort manifests itself by a triumphant flourish of the quill, with the immediate result of a huge ink drop immediately over the signature, which the young "litterateur" vainly endeavours to remove by a cleansing process with the tip of his tongue, an effort that only widens the soiled area of paper."

Long Words.

"Bob," said Tom, "which is the most dangerous word to pronounce in the English language?"

"Don't know," said Bob, "unless it's a swearing word."

"Pooh!" said Tom, "it's stumbled, because you are sure to get a tumble between the first and last letter."

"Ha! hah!" said Bob. "Now I've one for you. I found it one day in the paper. Which is the longest word in the English language?"

"Valetudinarianism," said Tom, promptly.

"No, sir; it's smiles, because there's a whole mile between the first and last letter."

"Ho! ho! cried Tom, "that's nothing. I know a word that has three miles 'tween its beginning and ending."

"What's that?" asked Bob, faintly.

"Beleaguered," said Tom.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—It is admitted by every one who has personally tried these noble remedies for any eruptions, sores, ulcers, bad legs, &c., or who have witnessed their purifying and healing effects on others suffering from such maladies, that these medicaments possess every property which the invalid could desire. The Ointment relaxes the swollen muscles, diminishes inflammation, assuages pain, and even alleviates dangerous maladies which may have lasted for months, or even years. Holloway's excellent preparations are effective singly, resistless in combination, and have been recommended by grateful patients to be resorted to.

Cromwell.

Read This

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

TO THE

LADIES OF CROMWELL AND SURROUNDING DISTRICT,
AND RESIDENTS GENERALLY.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

Are now opening out and have
to arrive,

A LARGE AND VERY CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

WINTER DRAPERY!

AND

MEN'S CLOTHING,

Comprising the Latest Fashions and Very Best Quality, expressly selected by our Mr. ARENDT, from recent Melbourne and Home consignments.

All the goods have been BOUGHT FOR CASH in favourable markets, and SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS are therefore held out to purchasers.

We beg to draw particular attention to the following lines:

FANCY COSTUMES—in Homespun, Melton, and other materials.

JACKETS in Sealskin, Beaver, Cloth, Velvet, and other materials.

HATS—Trimmed and Untrimmed—in great variety.

FURS—Muffs, Boas, and Collarettes, a Fine Display.

FLANNELS—Welsh, Saxony, Anti-rheumatic, and Sciatica—in all colours.

BLANKETS—Splendid Quality, all colors, and really First-class Value.

REPPS,

POPLINS,

PLAIDS,

WINCEYS,

SERGES,

A Large and Well-selected Assortment.

The Ladies' Department of this Establishment is fully stocked with every requisite, and INSPECTION is respectfully INVITED.

THE MENS' DEPARTMENT

Is more than usually replete with the Best Make and Material of Colonial Manufacture—every article being carefully selected with a view to suit the requirements of this district. It is, therefore, scarcely necessary to particularise.

BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT.

This branch is complete with every variety of

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S, MENS', YOUTHS' AND BOYS' BOOTS, SHOES,

AND SLIPPERS,

WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAP.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,
MELMORE-ST., CROMWELL.

Miscellaneous

O. BEEBY,
WATCHMAKER, IMPORTER,
AND
MANUFACTURING JEWELLER,
REES-STREET QUEENSTOWN.

Orders executed and repairs made in both branches of the business by experienced workmen.

C O A C H I N G
NOTICE

THOMAS GILMOUR

Begs to announce to the public that after 1st January, 1875, he will run a coach as follows:

Between Cromwell and CARDRONA, leaving Cromwell every WEDNESDAY morning, returning every THURSDAY afternoon.

Every exertion made to ensure punctuality.

Parcels carried at reasonable rates, and carefulness in delivery, etc., to be depended upon.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature; and about £40 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual subscription, £1 1s; Half-yearly, 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

JAMES MARSHALL,

Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

M E D I C A L H A L L, C L Y D E

LOUIS HOTOP,
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

A. MURPHY'S
C O M M E R C I A L H O T E L
A R R O W T O W N.

The best accommodation in Town.

First-class Sample Rooms.

EXCELLENT STABLING AND GROOMAGE.

An unsurpassed assortment of choice WINES,

SPIRITS, and BEERS.

Horses and Buggies for Hire.

(Established 1850.)

G E O R G E M A T T H E W S,
NURSERYMAN & SEEDSMAN,
D U N E D I N,

Has on Sale:—

Fruit Trees of all sorts
Gooseberry and Currant Bushes
Rhubarb Roots
Scotch and Spruce Fir
Laurels, Laurettas
Thorn Quicks for Hedges
Ornamental Shrubs in great variety
Grass Seeds of all kinds
Clover Seeds of all kinds
Vegetable Seeds
Flower Seeds.

Orders left at the ARGUS Office, Cromwell, will receive attention.

V U L C A N F O U N D R Y,
Great King-street, Dunedin.

KINCAID, M'QUEEN AND CO.,
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of castings in Brass and Iron.

Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.

Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;

Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-ing Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size of holes), Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.

Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power Machines made and repaired.

Improved Reaping Machines.

K. M'K. and Co.'s improved Wrought-Iron Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Miscellaneous

B R I T I S H H O T E L,
corner of
GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Country Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,
Proprietor.

A U S T R A L A S I A N H O T E L,
MACLAGGAN-STREET, DUNEDIN.

JAMES PATTERSON, late of Clyde, begs to inform his numerous up-country friends that he has leased the above hotel, which he has put in a thorough state of repair. He has spared no expense in making this large and well-known house a comfortable home for boarders; and visitors from up-country will have every attention paid to their welfare. This Hotel is conveniently situated, being within a very short distance of the Railway Station.

Wines and Spirits of the best qualities.

M I L L S, D I C K, A N D C O.,
PAPER BAG

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS' STATIONERS,
STAFFORD ST., DUNEDIN.

Lithoographed Show Cards, Bottle Labels,
etc., etc.

V I C T O R I A H O T E L,
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS ... Proprietor.

R. WILLIAMS, having been appointed Agent for Cobb and Co.'s Line of Coaches, would assure the travelling public that their comfort and convenience will be attended to with that strict attention which has already secured to the Victoria such a liberal patronage.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will find every accommodation, and receive the best attention, at this old-established hotel.

A new building has recently been erected which considerably enlarges the accommodation, and enhances the comfort of visitors. The additions comprise a suite of Private Apartments, commodious Bedrooms, a large Commercial Room and Sample Room, making the Victoria one of the largest and most comfortable hotels in the province.

There is also an extensive range of Stabling and Paddock accommodation attached.

Patent Medicine

"LOOK THEN INTO THY HEART
AND WRITE."

THE above sentence read carefully will tell all that I could in a thousand lines, it adapts itself admirably to a large number of cases continually coming under my treatment.

Many who "Look into their hearts" at the reading of this advertisement, and who ponder over it, will say, I know I should write, for I have a great secret there in my heart, hidden deep down, and I fear every day something will shortly shew itself by some plain symptom and make that secret known to my fellow men, and cause me to be pointed at as an object of pity or scorn.

"Look into thy heart" and say is it not better for me to seek aid and get relief by writing to one man in whom I have confidence, with whom my secret is safe, and whose aid and counsel will cause my life hereafter to be happy, making me say with the proverb—"Rejoice, O, Young Man, in thy Youth."

"Look then into thy heart and write," for hundreds have written to me when it has been too late, and who, in place of having "Children like olive-branches round about their door," have their homes desolate, and feel it a reproach upon their manhood to live.

"Look then into thy heart and write," and remember that "As thy days, so shall thy strength be," and that by writing down your case, no eyes but my own see it, that relief mentally and physically can be given to you, and that in place of sinking into a dishonored and premature death, you can feel that, in the words of Wordsworth—"An old age serene and bright, and lovely as a Lapland night, shall lead thee to thy grave."

LOUIS L. SMITH.

N E R V O U S N E S S,
DEBILITY,
LOSS OF POWER,
INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH,
&c.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to arrest the progress of disease

Patent Medicines

DR L. L. SMITH,
(The only legally qualified medical man advertising in these colonies.)

182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE,
Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEES (by letter) ... L.L.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

Books written by Dr L. L. Smith,

Post free; postage stamps.

Means of Prolonging Life ... 1s 9d

Medical Household Sketches, No. 1 3s 0d

Do do do No. 2 1s 9d

Weakness and Sterility ... 3s 0d

Medical Almanac, 1875 ... 6d

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

H O L L O W A Y ' S P I L L S.

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against constitution, asthma, and similar complaints.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Pills
Colic	Rheumatism